IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 14-24 and 29, amend claims 1, 4, and 5, and add new claims 31-38 as indicated below. The pending claims are as follows:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A modified thermostable DNA polymerase <u>having a 3'-5'</u> exonuclease activity, wherein in the DX₁EX₂X₃X₄H sequence (D: aspartic acid, E: glutamic acid, H: histidine, X₁, X₂, X₃ and X₄: any amino acid) consisting of DX₁E sequence within the EXO exonuclease I region and a four amino acid length peptide adjacent to said glutamic acid(E) of the thermostable DNA polymerase having 3'-5' exonuclease activity, histidine(H) has been replaced by another amino acid.
- 2. (Original) The modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 1, wherein in the DX₁EX₂X₃X₄H sequence, histidine(H) has been replaced by an amino acid selected from the group consisting of aspartic acid, glutamic acid, tyrosine, alanine, lysine and arginine.
- 3. (Original) The modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 1 having the following physicochemical properties:
 - (1) DNA extension rate: at least 20 bases/second; and
- (2) thermostability: it is capable of retaining 10% or more DNA polymerase activity of untreated DNA polymerase at pH 8.8 (determined at 25°C) after treatment at 95°C for 6 hours.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 3 having the following physicochemical properties:
 - (1) DNA extension rate: at least 30 bases/second;
- (2) thermostability: it is capable of retaining 40% or more DNA polymerase activity of untreated DNA polymerase at pH 8.8 (determined at 25°C) after treatment at 95°C for 6 hours; and
- (3) amino acid sequence: in the DIETLYH sequence (D: aspartic acid, I: isoleucine, E: glutamic acid, T: threonine, L: leucine, Y: tyrosine, H: histidine) $DX_1EX_2X_3X_4H$ sequence (D: aspartic acid, X_1 : isoleucine, E: glutamic acid, X_2 : threonine, X_3 : leucine, X_4 : tyrosine, H:

histidine) located at the 141- to 147-positions in the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, histidine(H) has been replaced by another amino acid.

- 5. (Currently Amended) The modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 4 having the following physicochemical properties:
 - (1) DNA extension rate: at least 30 bases/second;
- (2) thermostability: it is capable of retaining 60% or more DNA polymerase activity of untreated DNA polymerase at pH 8.8 (determined at 25°C) after treatment at 95°C for 6 hours; and
- (3) amino acid sequence: in the DIETLYH sequence (D: aspartic acid, I: isoleucine, E: glutamic acid, T: threonine, L: leucine, Y: tyrosine, H: histidine) $DX_1EX_2X_3X_4H$ sequence (D: aspartic acid, X_1 : isoleucine, E: glutamic acid, X_2 : threonine, X_3 : leucine, X_4 : tyrosine, H: histidine) located at the 141- to 147-positions in the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, histidine(H) has been replaced by another amino acid.
- 6. (Original) The modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 5, wherein in the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, histidine(H) at the 147-position has been replaced by an amino acid selected from the group consisting of aspartic acid, glutamic acid, tyrosine, alanine, lysine and arginine.
- 7. (Original) The modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 6, wherein in the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, histidine(H) at the 147-position has been replaced by aspartic acid.
- 8. (Original) The modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 6, wherein in the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, histidine(H) at the 147-position has been replaced by glutamic acid.

- 9. (Original) The modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 6, wherein in the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, histidine(H) at the 147-position has been replaced by tyrosine.
- 10. (Original) The modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 6, wherein in the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, histidine(H) at the 147-position has been replaced by alanine.
- 11. (Original) The modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 6, wherein in the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, histidine(H) at the 147-position has been replaced by lysine.
- 12. (Original) The modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 6, wherein in the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, histidine(H) at the 147-position has been replaced by arginine.
- 13. (Withdrawn) A gene encoding a modified thermostable DNA polymerase wherein in the $DX_1EX_2X_3X_4H$ sequence (D: aspartic acid, E: glutamic acid, H: histidine, X_1 , X_2 , X_3 and X_4 : any amino acid) consisting of DX_1E sequence within the EXO I region and four amino acid length peptide adjacent to said glutamic acid(E) of thermostable DNA polymerase having 3'-5' exonuclease activity, histidine(H) has been replaced by another amino acid.

14-24. (Canceled)

25. (Original) A reagent kit for amplifying nucleic acid, which comprises 2 kinds of primers, each of the primers being complementary to a DNA extension product of the other primer; dNTP; the thermostable DNA polymerase of any one of claims 1-12; divalent ion(s); monovalent ion(s); and a buffer solution.

- 26. (Previously Amended) A reagent kit for amplifying nucleic acid, which comprises 2 kinds of primers, each of the primers being complementary to a DNA extension product of the other primer; dNTP; the thermostable DNA polymerase of claim 1; magnesium ion; at least one of monovalent ions selected from the group consisting of ammonium ion and potassium ion; BSA (bovine serum albumin); a nonionic surfactant and a buffer solution.
- 27. (Previously Amended) A reagent kit for amplifying nucleic acid, which comprises 2 kinds of primers, each of the primers being complementary to a DNA extension product of the other primer; dNTP; the thermostable DNA polymerase of claim 1; magnesium ion; at least one of monovalent ions selected from the group consisting of ammonium ion and potassium ion; BSA (bovine serum albumin); a nonionic surfactant; a buffer solution and an antibody capable of suppressing at least one activity selected from polymerase activity and 3'-5' exonuclease activity of the thermostable DNA polymerase.
- 28. (Previously Amended) A DNA polymerase composition which comprises one or more kinds of modified thermostable DNA polymerases defined in claim 1.

29. (Canceled)

- 30. (Previously Amended) A reagent kit for producing a mutated DNA which comprises mutagenesis primers, dNTP and the thermostable DNA polymerase of claim 1.
- 1 31. (New) A method for improving amplification efficiency and/or fidelity comprising replacing histidine residue in the DX₁EX₂X₃X₄H sequence (D: aspartic acid, E: glutamic acid, H: histidine, X₁, X₂, X₃ and X₄: any amino acid) within the exonuclease I region of the thermostable DNA polymerase is replaced by another amino acid.
- 32. (New) A modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 1 wherein said DNA polymerase is a-like DNA polymerase.

- 33. (New) A modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 1 wherein said DNA polymerase is thermostable DNA polymerase.
- 34. (New) A modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 1 wherein said DNA polymerase is selected from KOD DNA polymerase derived from Pyrococcus kodakaraensis KOD1, thermostable DNA polymerase derived from Pyrococcus furiosus and thermostable DNA polymerase derived from Thermococcus litoralis.
- 35. (New) A modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 1 wherein said the DX₁EX₂X₃X₄H sequence is selected from DIETLYH or DIETFYH.
- 36. (New) A modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 1 wherein histidine (H) has been replaced by an acidic amino acid to obtain the modified thermostable DNA polymerase having significantly reduced 3'-5' exonuclease activity as compared with the enzyme before modification.
- 37. (New) A modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 1 wherein histidine (H) has been replaced by a neutral amino acid to obtain a modified thermostable DNA polymerase having improved amplifying efficiency.
- 38. (New) A modified thermostable DNA polymerase according to claim 1 wherein histidine (H) has been replaced by a basic amino acid to obtain a modified thermostable DNA polymerase having significantly improved 3'-5' exonuclease activity and/or fidelity on a DNA replication or amplification.